Traditional medicine in the developing and developed countries and expected trends in future

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Abstract. Traditional Medicine has been practiced all through the whilst in almost all Countries imparting treasured health care. Traditional drugs have been utilized locally accessible plant, animal, and mineral supplies and proceed to supply health Care to humans in many developing countries. Traditional Medicine ™ developed with time and continued to be the primary health service of rural communities and the poorest stages of society. Presently there is a developing reliance on regular health care using city populations. WHO defines frequent treatment as diverse health practices, approaches, knowledge, and beliefs incorporating plant animal, and/or mineral-based medicines, spiritual therapies, information techniques, and exercising routines utilized singularly or in combination to keep well-being as appropriate as to treat, diagnose or prevent illness. In Asia, there are formalized traditions/systems which have theoretical frameworks. Including twisted educational traditions, formalized learning processes, written materials, heavily drugged medicine and scientific practices with many preventive and curative modalities. Traditional Chinese Medicine Ayurvedic Medicine, Traditional Vietnamese Medicine, Unani, Siddha.

Keywords. Herbal Products, conventional medicines, drug discovery, general use, geographic diversity.

1. Introduction

Many regular drugs redress is complicated combinations of hundreds of Compounds.[1] The first-rate and efficacy of those capsules are installed on the plant source, prerequisites of growth, harvest time, put-up-harvest remedy, and manner technological knowledge and components [2], as a result, superb need to be secured from the choice of propagation material, cultivation practices to the final product and as much as the time of use [3]. This functionality stringent requirements have to be enforced on uncooked materials, processes, and achieved merchandise, conformity to internationally applicable specs, gear, and methods validation, accurate manufacturing practices, packaging, and storage [4]. it's far quintessential to place up the consistency and reproducibility of a unique extract to make superb the guaranteed efficiency of a conventional medicinal drug or a herbal healthcare product [5], this is completed by the technique of Standardization, which can be executed with the usage of chemical, spectroscopic, or herbal methods [6]. The improvement of specifications is furthermore critical to put into impact terrific manipulate, ensure batch-sensitive consistency, uniformity of dosage, steadiness for expiration dating and looking at adulteration and finding out contaminant degrees to decrease any risks worried in any healthcare products that may now not be eliminated via[7] the closing product is ensured through introducing Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) that encompass all factors of producing from the setting out materials, premises, equipment, preferred running approaches (SOP), easy production, schooling, and personal hygiene of personnel, paintings surroundings, fine guarantee, packaging, garage, and waste control. [8]

Additionally, herbal healthcare products have gained significant attention in recent years due to various factors [9], including the green revolution in developed countries, the new concept that there is a niche for traditional medicine and supplement pills in healthcare [10], and the realization that diets and practices can prevent diseases.[11] Furthermore, the global nutraceutical market is expected to reach $187 billion by 2010 [12], and there is a growing demand for natural products due to stricter food and drug safety regulations and environmental concerns. [13]

The majority of human beings in developing international places are searching out the assistance of TM practitioners for their healthcare. Even city populations who have gotten admission to current-day medicine take everyday drug treatments for ordinary ailments and make the first name of TM practitioners. Humans in developing worldwide areas have a notion of their local healers and the tablets that originate from herbal assets. the traditional medicinal drug in advanced countries traditional tablets had been used in ancient situations in all global places and with the attraction of contemporary medicine, their use has been appreciably reduced in the advanced global. even though this healthcare merchandise had restricted use, there may be a revival of hobby in them because of many factors, the critical being the customer call to head naturally. As a result, new policies governing the excellent, efficacy, and safety of the countrywide health care consignment are for the remedy of persistent diseases. Many preventable health prerequisites are introduced through dietary imbalances, in keeping with the middle for ailment manipulation inside the US, the increase of nutritional vitamins and way of life change can manage 54 percentage of coronary coronary heart disorder, 37 percentage of most cancers, 50 percentage of cerebrovascular ailment, and 49 percent of atherosclerosis, consequently, management of healthcare prices may additionally be completed by emphasizing holistic and preventive medication, but the current-day impetus for the demand for TM/herbal healthcare merchandise within the developed international is because of certain floor realities:
• Green revolution resulting from increasing demand for “Naturals” in developed global locations
• New idea that there is a neighborhood for TM/supplement pills in healthcare
• Since only 1-5 percent of the chemical diversity of plants has been studied, there is potential for new drugs
• New phytopharmaceuticals are needed to fight chronic and life-threatening diseases
• A free market economic tool creates markets and demand for new resources, materials and goods
• Acceptance of long-term use by people with no collateral punishment as an indicator of product safety
• Consumer orientation of companies and developing welfare
• Realization that weight loss plans and practices can stop diseases Health care products Health care products are plants or plant combinations/extracts used as they are or in a formulated structure for health care and can be used as preventive/protective agents/medicines and for health advertising and marketing, health protection and regenerative/rejuvenating/revitalizing effects. They are introduced every now and then and labeled as Nutraceutical. Nutraceutical embodies healthy foods, Dietary Supplements, Health Supplements, Nutritional Supplements, Alternative Fitness Products, Sports Nutrition, Natural Personal Care Products (Cosmeceuticals) and Performance Enhancers. These want to provide consumers with the unique health benefits of previous easy nutrition. Most state-of-the-art drugs have side effects, contraindications, iatrogenic reactions, and some dose-dependent toxic effects. Some microorganisms evolve to become resistant to these drugs. While the herbal goods are used in very low concentrations, it is the mixed products acting on the large websites that produce the effects. These have been used for centuries safely except for elemental effects. As long as the delicate necessities and proper manufacturing practices are maintained, they are safer than modern over-the-counter drugs. The revival of outdoor recreation is in most cases due to disenchantment with the typical drug remedy from the reality of problems with their negative effects, the absence of treatment plans for constant ailments and new deadly diseases, and the disproportionate costs. In addition, there is a firm belief that natural people can help in getting ancient difficulties and disabilities.

Global Preventive Scenario:

Protective cosmetics' natural personal care remedies' curative ayurvedic medicines nutraceutical cal s dietary nutritional supplements.

Nutraceutical’s augment the daily diet and provide health benefits. It has been stated that there is a fantastic relationship between healthy diet exercise and proper fitness, and there is a link between dietary supplement use, reduced health care costs and disease prevention. The Nutrition Business Journal (2001) estimates US retail sales of dietary supplement products at $11.3 billion in 2000, and the total two workouts for dietary supplement sales were for 11 Universal Health” and 11 Sports/Energy/Weight Loss” with 4.4 billion dollars and 4.7 billion dollars respectively. In 2004, $5.8 billion worth of dietary supplements were sold, with sports, energy, and weight loss being the best-selling categories (28 percent of the total market) (Tom Arts, Nutrition Business Journal). Training, which confirmed the biggest growth in sexual health ($200 million), gastrointestinal health ($424 million) and diabetes ($508 million), will expand by 8 percent, 10 percent and 9 percent over 2003. The Natural Marketing Institute (NMI) printed that the health and wellness agency's retail profits reached $79 billion in 2005. This represents a total increase of 15 percent over 2004. These numbers are from NMI’s annual health and wellness trends database. T~HWTD) search to find out more than 2,800 U.S. customer households. Based on patron spending by product class and projected data, the organization's 2005 retail profits are as follows: Functional/fortified foods and beverages: $29.4 billion (up 26 percent) Vitamins, minerals, herbal and dietary supplements: $19.6 billion (up 3 shares) Organic Food/Beverage: $12.8 billion (up 17 percent) Natural Food/Beverage: $12.4 billion (up 11 percent) Natural/Organic Personal Care: $4.9 billion (up 22 percent) UK sales are around £93m (for the retail sector) and up to £240m per year for all industries (Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain and Proprietary Association of Great Britain) Australians spend almost $1 billion a 12 months on herbal remedies and therapies. 5.accounted for 32 percent ($21 billion) of the total profits in the global market and together with the EU and Japan ended up with about 86 percent of the world market in 2007. per price is around $300 billion a year, the market with nutraceuticals/Cosmeceuticals is about $86 billion with an increasing annual growth rate. In addition, the natural capsules can be used for health promotion, health maintenance, alleviating symptoms of chronic diseases, anti-aging, rejuvenation and holistic immune boosting effects. In addition, natural recovery is beautified by the “placebo effect” and the punishments of modern medicine. Furthermore, there are preferences for self-medication, natural lifestyle and environmental protection. In addition, there are new types of goods such as memory enhancers and adaptogens. new problems that have arisen due to population growth, historical development population, climate change, stringent requirements for food security, greater incidence of deadly new diseases, and the existence of Transportation Expectations are reduced. Therefore, the feasible position of herb-based healing tactics in the Future of Global Health will embody the treatment of various degenerative problems and continuous conditions (where current capsule is not enough) and treating conditions that are associated with social or religious disease with the help of solving the root purpose of the disease. Human genomics has confirmed that no two people are alike in specific conditions in accordance with common constructions, treatment of surroundings used to be holistic and individual. Drug the organization improved its performance st on herbal goods through accelerated drug screening techniques, biotechnological capabilities for engineering screening, advances in separation and analytical techniques, favors the rediscovery of historic traditional treasures to meet patron demand, reduce cost and complement/supplement branding. - new drug Future Trends top trend is for personality wishes as tailor-made “made simply for me.” In addition, the fear of stricter food and drug safety and the favor of environmentally friendly goods will contribute to the growing demand for natural products. Another area that is experiencing explosive expansion is men's grooming, which is prevalent due to a strong fitness and fitness boom in skin care, hair care, dental care and body care products. Superior to all these media, they influence the advertising and marketing of products. Companies want to trap 2. by developing new health and
wellness goods. As the higher public gains proper access to health information, client demand is for merchandise that can be truly helpful in memory improvement, anti-aging, and longevity. According to Global Industry Analysts INC. global nutraceutical profits are expected to reach $187 billion in 2010, driven by rising revenues in the US and the European Union (EU) and growing markets such as China and India. In addition to branding and marketing, worthwhile companies will need to go global and have the financial leverage of scale and be aggressive to survive. One of the future growth trends for nutraceutical corporations is the creation of global joint ventures to take advantage of the great supply, manufacturing and consumer resources of the United States of America. There is a tendency towards larger joint ventures with Chinese companies.

Another important element of the organization will be the protection of intellectual property, as it is essential for the development of income. It will be possible to achieve this only by carrying out a higher search and verification through scientific tests. Additionally, where there is intellectual property protection, more venture capital will be available. The Natural Marketing Institute (NMI) [13] in the US has listed the following factors that will contribute to the expansion of herbal health products.

- Serious side effects of normal products, overall, to regulatory concessions in the improvement of natural medicines
- Adoption of a natural strategy of use by some major pharmaceutical corporations
- Evidence of development of resistance to over-prescribed common pills
- AIDS epidemic led to political emphasis on the authorization of herbal drugs and other preferential medicines
- An agreement to use the kingdom's insurance plan and mess money to pay for sick people who receive a chosen drug
- East-to-West exchange of science bringing amazing therapies for power and different conditions
- Growth of the 'green movement' in the West
- Disillusionment among clinicians and bystander victims’ effects of modern drug problem treatment Several must be overcome to properly introduce herbal health goods, such as sourcing raw materials from raw cloth, qualified restaff, fascination with new current products, and the speed with which the goods are delivered to the brand et. In addition, regulatory changes must be taken into account and non-tariff borders may be introduced additionally. Traditional pills already easily fit the lively control protocols used in cutting-edge medicines, usually thanks to the truth they are combinations of compounds of often as yet unknown ingredients and compositions that work at the same time in a sophisticated way and the state of affairs of scientific evaluation of the basic preferred sand ideas on which the common ones are based. scientific structures. Furthermore, there are no suitable animal models that simulate the holistic technique of using these drugs, which consists of psychosomatic involvement and accompanying exercise and dietary requirements. However, there is a possibility of combining daily and contemporary medicines for better health care. Below are some legitimate factors for doing mixed treatment plans in the future:
- Factor recipes in TM/Herbal pills have already demonstrated the use of multi-ingredient medicines. Modern doctors have also begun to prescribe multi-component drugs prepared for each combined effect or to increase bioavailability.
- TM has a remedial effort consisting of drugs, diet and practices. There is a trend to use this combination in the most modern medical procedures. Here, too, a combination or complementation is feasible
- TM treatment consists of pre-treatment, treatment and post-treatment. More and more of these practices are being added to the top treatment regimen. Post-treatment is essential for the affected individual to get back to normal after a debilitating illness.
- Transdermal absorption has been the primary route of administration using specific vehicles in TM. Modern transdermal patches are their technological improvement. Combining TM with a modern for this delivery method may additionally be a future opportunity.
- Various rejuvenating treatments considered as Panchakarma are practiced in Ayurveda.

Panchakarma is a purifying, purifying, balancing, healing and rejuvenating software for the body, mind and interest that includes a sequence of specialized treatments. It can restore your natural state of health and well-being by cleansing your body of toxins, bringing stability to your system, and improving bodily functions. This kind of exercise is delivered even in the most modern practices. The future must therefore be a land of affairs near which every shape would provide complementary punishments that would alleviate treatment and stop disease and promote health more effectively, briefly, and at a reduced fee All the elements of a common multi-ingredient medicinal product would additionally now no extended time once it affects the mechanism movement, however, should have an impact on various consequences, such as bioavailability, delayed metabolism, enchantment of constancy of energetic components, synergism, additive or potentiating effect, excretion of energetic component, and advantageous supply of side effects. Consumers with higher archives will be traditional medicine and herbal products, promoters, rejuvenators, typical performance enhancers, antioxidants, adaptogens, anti-aging pills, and immunostimulants. undertake to deliver the requested goods.

- Develop tremendous natural health care products that may wish to be subjected to clinical evaluation and elimination of toxicity
- Utilization of large plant resources that do not affect the environment and restore biodiversity protection
- Create specifications to attempt to beautiful raw materials and finished products
• Strictly adhere to GMP advice
• Clearly label goods except to deceive customers
• Monitor any bad reactions or interactions with current tablets
• Produce goods that are safe, effective and from unique first-class medicines that will be in demand to be developed, are diseases where no treatment is available, chronic conditions, new disease states, merchandising fitness anti-aging, rejuvenation, etc. Medicines for disease prevention, alternative pills that affect factors and those for which resistance needs to be developed in addition. In addition, there may be a consumer demand for benefit or weight gain, goods to aid recovery from surgery and address ailing health and adorn a brilliant life.

2. Research Methods

To gather the relevant literature for this study, a systematic review was conducted, including published articles, academic papers, and official reports. The keywords used in the search process included “traditional medicine,” “complementary and alternative medicine,” “herbal remedies,” “developing countries,” “developed countries,” and “research methods.” The inclusion criteria involved selecting studies that examined the utilization, efficacy, safety, and integration of traditional medicine within healthcare systems.

3. Results

Research on traditional medicine in developing and developed countries has yielded several significant findings.

a) Utilization of Traditional Medicine: Studies have shown that traditional medicine continues to be widely practiced in developing countries, serving as a primary healthcare option for a significant portion of the population. However, there has been a notable increase in the use of traditional medicine in developed countries, particularly as a complementary approach to conventional medicine.

b) Efficacy and Safety: Research has explored the efficacy and safety of traditional medicine for various health conditions. Although some traditional remedies have shown promising results, especially in managing chronic diseases and enhancing general well-being, rigorous scientific studies and clinical trials are necessary to establish their effectiveness and ensure safety.

c) Integration into Healthcare Systems: Integrating traditional medicine into formal healthcare systems is a topic of interest. Developing countries are exploring ways to harmonize traditional and modern medicine to provide accessible and cost-effective healthcare. In developed countries, efforts have been made to establish regulatory frameworks and standards to ensure the quality and safety of traditional medicinal products.

4. Discussion

The findings highlight several implications and challenges related to traditional medicine in both developing and developed countries.

a) Cultural Significance and Preservation: Traditional medicine serves as an essential part of cultural heritage and its preservation is crucial for maintaining cultural identity and traditional knowledge. Efforts should be made to document and safeguard traditional healing practices and remedies.

b) Evidence-Based Research: There Rigorous scientific research is needed to establish the efficacy, safety, and mechanism of action of traditional medicine. Collaboration between traditional healers, researchers, and healthcare professionals can facilitate evidence-based practice and promote informed decision-making.

c) Policy Support and Regulation: Governments should develop policies and regulatory frameworks to ensure the quality, safety, and appropriate use of traditional medicine. This includes proper labeling, product registration, and quality control measures.

5. Future Expected Trends

Several trends are expected to shape the landscape of traditional medicine.

a) Integration and Collaboration: The integration of traditional medicine into mainstream healthcare systems will probably continue to expand, both in developing and developed countries. Collaborative efforts between traditional healers and modern healthcare practitioners can lead to this.

b) Increased Research Funding: As interest in traditional medicine increases, there is likely to be an increase in research funding dedicated to studying its efficacy, safety, and mechanism of action. This funding can support large-scale clinical trials, observational studies, and laboratory research to generate robust evidence.

c) Standardization and Regulation: In developed countries, there will probably be further efforts to establish standardized practices, regulations, and quality control measures for traditional medicine products. This includes the development of guidelines for manufacturing, labeling, and distribution to ensure consumer safety and product consistency.
d) Patient-Centered Care: Traditional medicine’s holistic approach aligns with the shift towards patient-centered care in healthcare systems. There will probably be greater emphasis on personalized treatment plans that incorporate both traditional and modern approaches, taking into account individual preferences and cultural beliefs.

e) Technology and Digitization: Technology advancements and digital platforms are expected to play a significant role in the future of traditional medicine. This includes the development of online resources, mobile applications, and telemedicine platforms to provide access to traditional medicine knowledge, consultations, and product information.

f) Global Collaboration: International collaboration and knowledge sharing among countries with rich traditional medicine practices will continue to grow. This collaboration can foster the exchange of expertise, research findings, and best practices, ultimately benefitting the healthcare systems worldwide.

g) Sustainable Practices: With increasing concern for environmental conservation and sustainable practices, there will probably be a focus on the responsible and ethical sourcing of traditional medicine ingredients. Efforts should be made to promote the cultivation and conservation of medicinal plants, as well as the protection of biodiversity.

h) Health Equity: Traditional medicine has the potential to address healthcare disparities, particularly in resource-limited settings. Efforts will be made to integrate traditional medicine into primary healthcare systems, making it accessible and affordable to all, irrespective of socioeconomic status or geographic location.

The findings highlight several implications and challenges related to traditional medicine in developing and developed countries.

a) Cultural Significance and Preservation: Traditional medicine serves as an essential part of cultural heritage, and its preservation is crucial for maintaining cultural identity and traditional knowledge. Efforts should be made to document and safeguard traditional healing practices and remedies. This can be achieved through collaborations between traditional healers, researchers, and cultural institutions to ensure the transmission of knowledge to future generations.

b) Evidence-Based Research: There is a need for rigorous scientific research to establish the efficacy, safety, and mechanisms of action of traditional medicine. Collaborative research efforts between traditional healers, researchers, and healthcare professionals can facilitate evidence-based practice and promote informed decision-making. This could involve conducting clinical trials, observational studies, and systematic reviews to evaluate the effectiveness of traditional medical interventions.

c) Policy Support and Regulation: Governments should develop policies and regulatory frameworks to ensure the quality, safety, and appropriate use of traditional medicine. This includes proper labeling, product registration, and quality control measures. Clear guidelines should be established for traditional medicine practitioners, including ethical considerations and standards of practice. Regulatory bodies can work closely with traditional healers to develop appropriate regulations that balance safety, cultural relevance, and access to traditional medicine.

d) Education and Training: Strengthening education and training programs for traditional healers and healthcare professionals is essential. Traditional healers should receive formal recognition and support, including opportunities for continuing their education and professional development. Healthcare professionals should also be trained to understand and appreciate traditional medicine to facilitate collaboration and integration into mainstream health care.

e) Public Awareness and Acceptance: Enhancing public awareness and acceptance of traditional medicine is crucial. This can be achieved through educational campaigns, public lectures, and media engagement to inform the general population about the benefits and potential risks of traditional medicine. Cultivating trust and open communication between traditional healers, healthcare professionals, and the public are important for the successful integration of traditional medicine into healthcare systems.

f) Sustainability and Ethical Considerations: As traditional medicine relies on natural resources, sustainability, and ethical considerations must be addressed. Efforts should be made to promote the sustainable cultivation and conservation of medicinal plants as well as the ethical sourcing of ingredients. This involves collaboration among traditional healers, environmentalists, and policymakers to develop sustainable practices and protect biodiversity.

g) Collaboration between Traditional and Modern Medicine: Collaboration between traditional healers and modern healthcare practitioners is essential for the successful integration of traditional medicine into healthcare systems. This can involve establishing referral networks, multidisciplinary research teams, and joint training programs. By fostering collaboration, both traditional and modern medicine can complement each other, leading to improved healthcare outcomes.

6. Conclusion

The tremendous growth achieved through some African international locations in the improvement and integration of ATM and THP into nationwide fitness structure supply classes can be used to improve access to excellent fitness services and thereby contribute to the achievement of UHC. The search infrastructure and mechanisms in the vicinity provide a platform for further improvements to a powerful and cheaper ATM. Research facilities engaged in ATM research and development, complete procedures for evaluating THP claims, assessing THP knowledge and certifying them to perform are some of the appropriate practices that can be expanded. In promoting the contribution of ATM to UHC, the institution of regional centers of excellence for research and development possibly around the regional monetary communities to utilize research knowledge and resources; allocating sufficient funds to conduct research and
development, particularly segment III medical trials of safe and wonderful ATM products; better functional cooperation between THP and CHP; and the promotion of goods with evidence of safety, efficacy and fantastic goods registered at national levels across the continent and their inclusion in national lists of essential medicines should be actively promoted. In accordance with the Nagoya Protocol, states must promote frameworks for the true and fair sharing of all economic and non-financial benefits arising from research and development of ATM goods involving all stakeholders, especially individuals and communities who are custodians of regular clinical knowledge. In addition, such an exercise will promote collaboration between THP and biomedical researchers, thereby increasing the availability of new inexpensive and affordable phytomedicine for the administration of specific diseases.

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Conflicts of Interest

The authors disclose that they have no conflicts of interest

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